

## ■ DESCRIPTION

The XPX50N06FD is N channel enhancement mode power effect transistor which is produced using high cell density advanced trench technology.

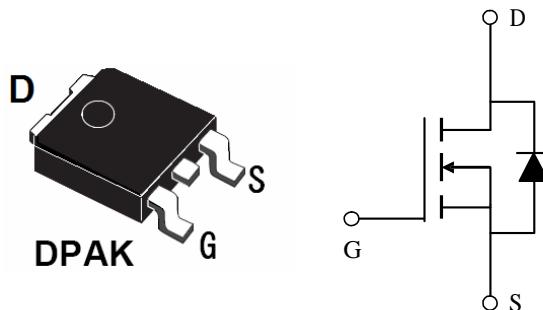
The high density process is especially able to minimize on-state resistance. These devices are especially suited for low voltage application power management DC-DC converters.

## ■ APPLICATIONS

- ◆ Power Management
- ◆ DC/DC Converter
- ◆ Load Switch

## ■ FEATURE

- ◆ 60V/50 A,  $R_{DS(ON)}=12m\Omega(typ.)$  @  $VGS= 10V$
- ◆ Super high design for extremely low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- ◆ Exceptional on-resistance and Maximum DC current capability
- ◆ Full RoHS compliance
- ◆ TO252 package design
- ◆ 100% UIS Tested
- ◆ 100%  $R_g$  tested



### Device Marking and Package Information

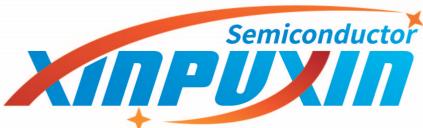
Device	Package	Marking
XPX50N06FD	TO-252	50N06

## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25^\circ C$ Unless otherwise noted )

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
$V_{DS}$	Drain-to-Source Voltage	60	V
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	
$I_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	50	A
$I_D @ T_A = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	30	
$I_D @ T_C(Bottom) = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	50	
$I_D @ T_C(Bottom) = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	35	
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Package Limited)	40	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current	90	
$P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	2.1	W
$P_D @ T_C(Bottom) = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	20	
	Linear Derating Factor	0.03	W/ $^{\circ}C$
$T_J$ $T_{STG}$	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 150	$^{\circ}C$

### Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	$R_{thJC}$	2.1	$^{\circ}C/W$
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{thJA}$	50	



XPX50N06FD

60V N-Channel Enhancement Mode MOSFET

**Specifications**  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted

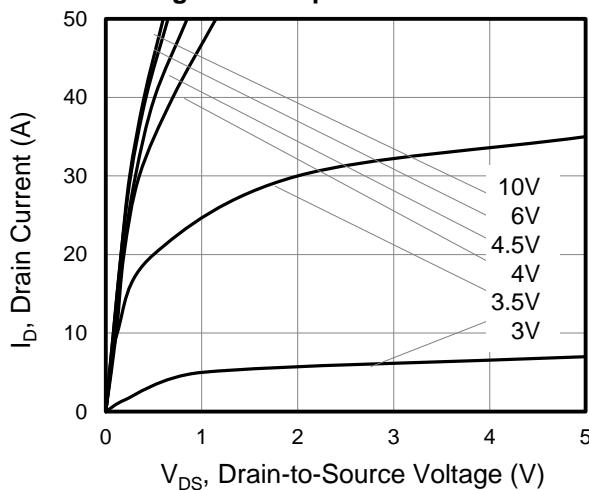
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
<b>Static</b>						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	60	--	--	V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{\text{DSS}}$	$V_{\text{DS}} = 60\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	--	--	1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{\text{DS}} = 60\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	--	--	100	
Gate-Source Leakage	$I_{\text{GSS}}$	$V_{\text{GS}} = \pm 20\text{V}$	--	--	$\pm 100$	nA
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	$V_{\text{DS}} = V_{\text{GS}}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	1.1	--	2.5	V
Drain-Source On-Resistance (Note3)	$R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$	$V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 20\text{A}$	--	12	15	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}} = 4.5\text{V}, I_D = 18\text{A}$	--	15	19	
Forward Transconductance (Note3)	$g_{\text{fs}}$	$V_{\text{DS}} = 5\text{V}, I_D = 20\text{A}$	--	100	--	S
<b>Dynamic</b>						
Input Capacitance	$C_{\text{iss}}$	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 30\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$	--	1134	--	$\text{pF}$
Output Capacitance	$C_{\text{oss}}$		--	123	--	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{\text{rss}}$		--	12	--	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g(10\text{V})$	$V_{\text{DD}} = 30\text{V}, I_D = 20\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}$	--	21	--	$\text{nC}$
	$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$		--	11	--	
Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{\text{gs}}$		--	3.1	--	
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{\text{gd}}$		--	5.1	--	
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	$V_{\text{DD}} = 30\text{V}, I_D = 20\text{A}, R_G = 3\Omega$	--	7	--	$\text{ns}$
Turn-on Rise Time	$t_r$		--	3	--	
Turn-off Delay Time	$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$		--	20	--	
Turn-off Fall Time	$t_f$		--	3	--	
<b>Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristics</b>						
Continuous Body Diode Current	$I_S$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	--	--	30	$\text{A}$
Pulsed Diode Forward Current	$I_{\text{SM}}$		--	--	90	
Body Diode Voltage	$V_{\text{SD}}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_{\text{SD}} = 1\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$	--	0.72	1	V
Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{\text{rr}}$	$I_F = 20\text{A}, dI/dt = 500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	--	17	--	ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{\text{rr}}$		--	60	--	nC

**Notes**

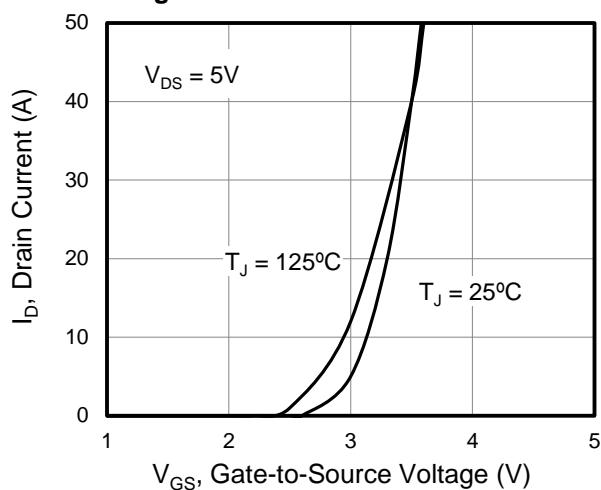
1. Repetitive Rating: Pulse Width limited by maximum junction temperature
2.  $I_{\text{AS}} = 20\text{A}, V_{\text{DD}} = 50\text{V}, R_G = 25\Omega$ , Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
3. Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 1\%$

**Typical Characteristics**  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted

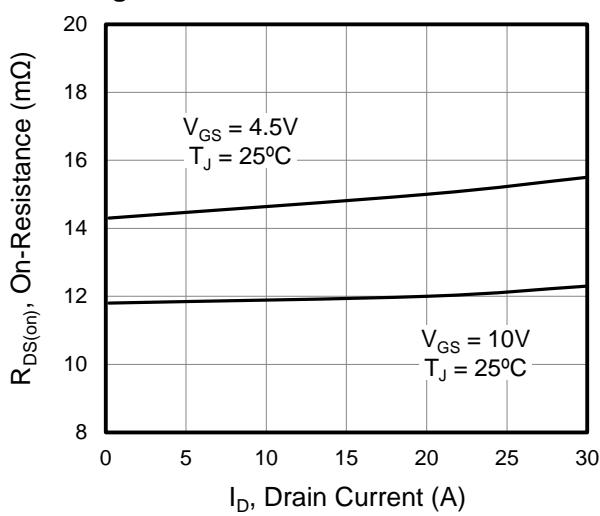
**Figure 1. Output Characteristics**



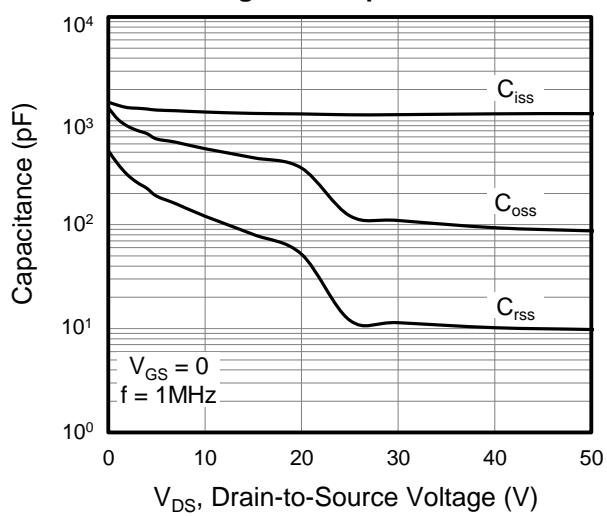
**Figure 2. Transfer Characteristics**



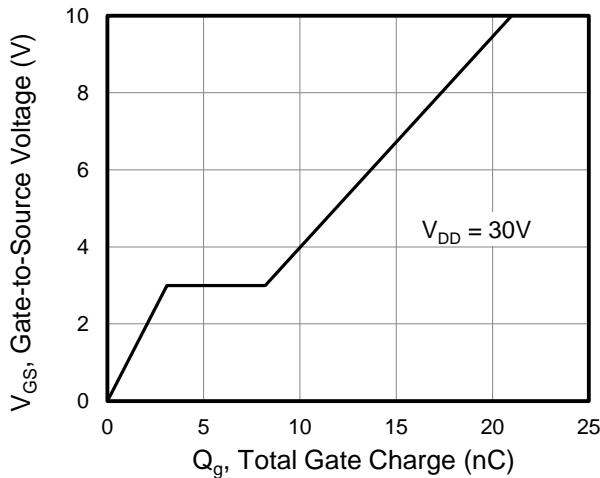
**Figure 3. On-Resistance vs. Drain Current**



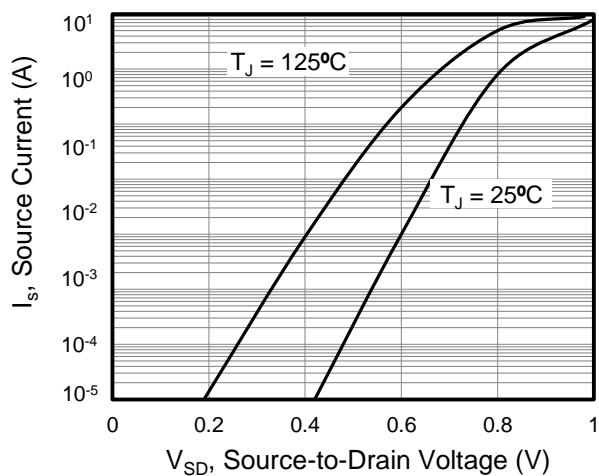
**Figure 4. Capacitance**



**Figure 5. Gate Charge**

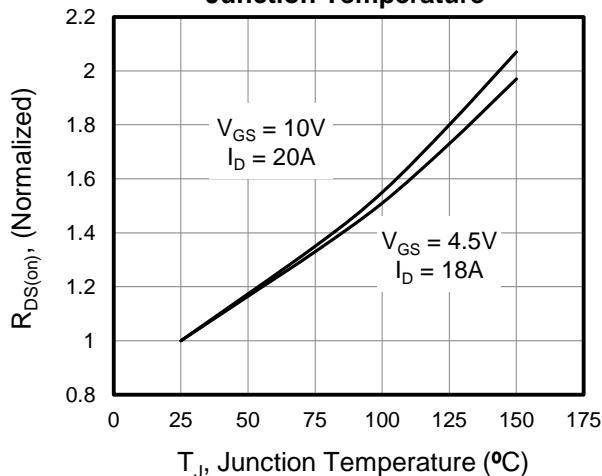


**Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage**

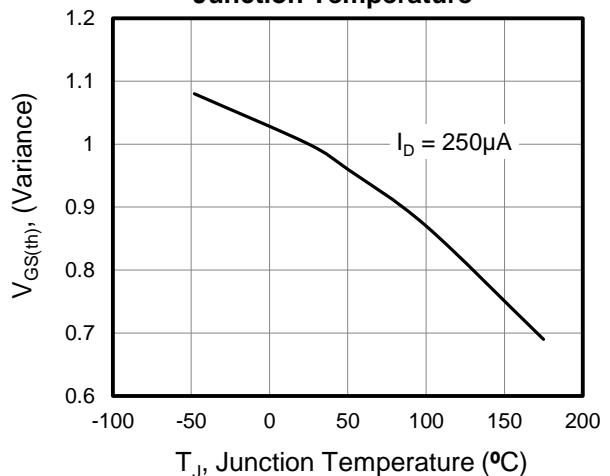


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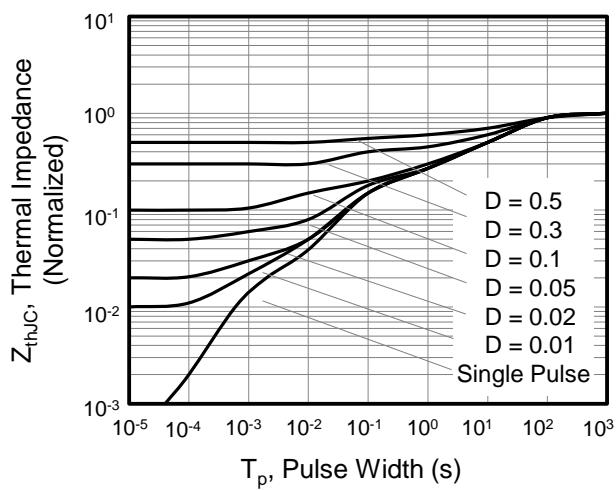
**Figure 7. On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**



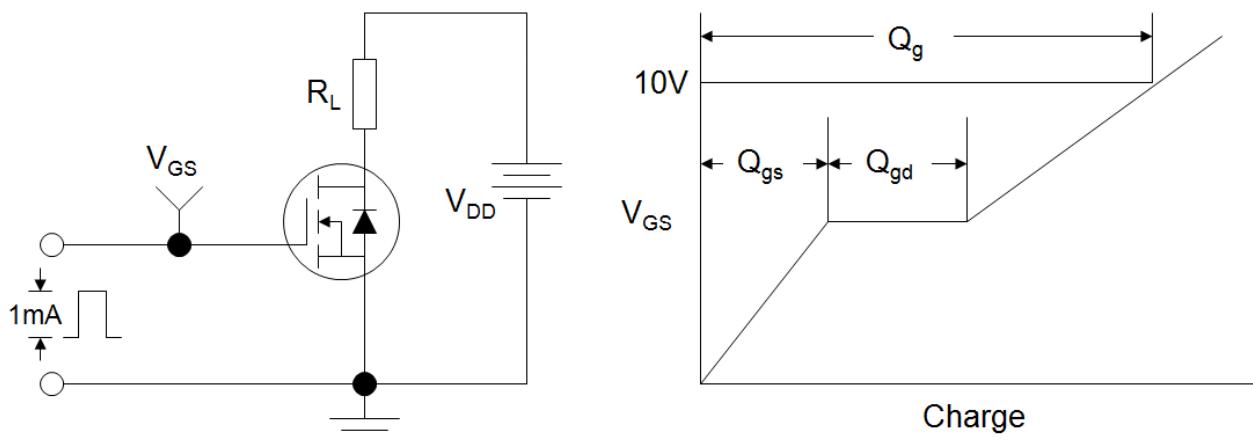
**Figure 8. Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature**



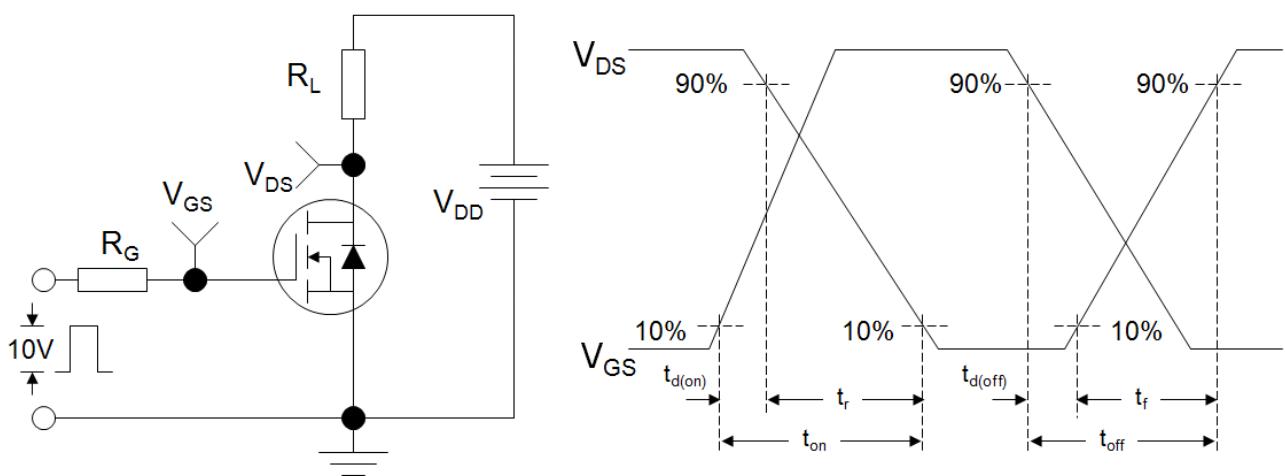
**Figure 9. Transient Thermal Impedance**



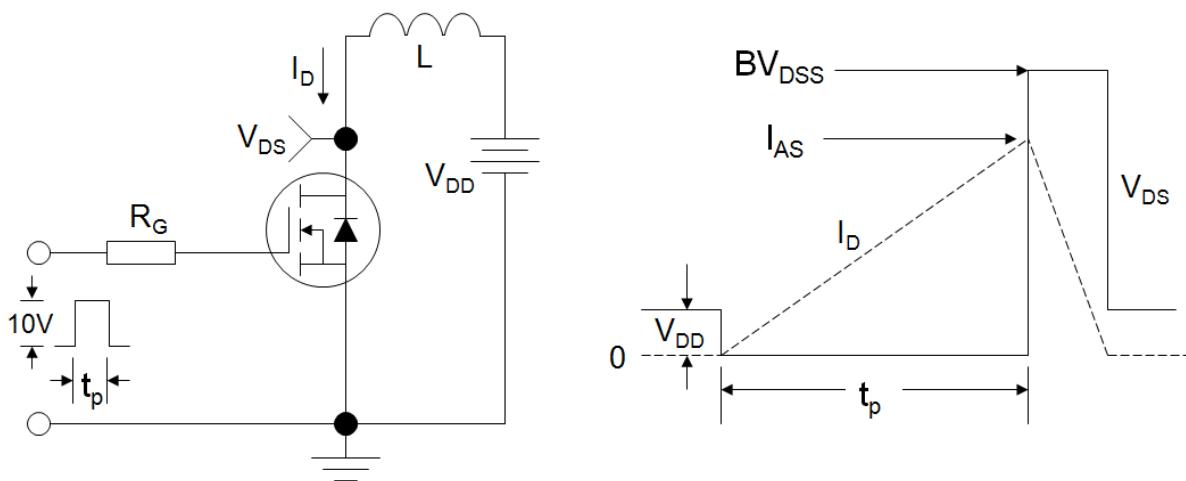
**Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit and Waveform**



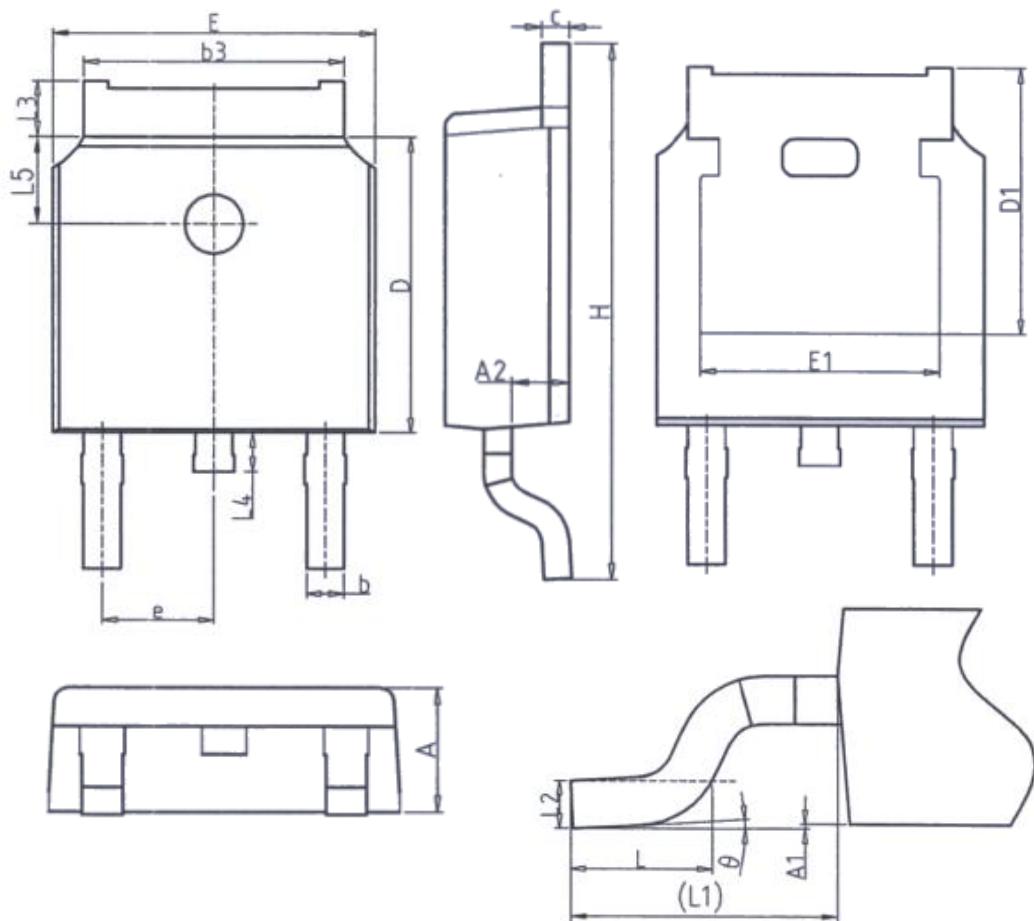
**Figure B: Resistive Switching Test Circuit and Waveform**



**Figure C: Unclamped Inductive Switching Test Circuit and Waveform**



## TO-252



Unit: mm		
Symbol	Min.	Max.
A	2.20	2.40
A1	0.00	0.20
A2	0.97	1.17
b	0.68	0.90
b3	5.20	5.50
c	0.43	0.63
D	5.98	6.22
D1	5.30REF	
E	6.40	6.80
E1	4.63	-

Unit: mm		
Symbol	Min.	Max.
e	2.286BSC	
H	9.40	10.50
L	1.38	1.75
L1	2.90REF	
L2	0.51BSC	
L3	0.88	1.28
L4	-	1.00
L5	1.65	1.95
$\theta$	$0^\circ$	$8^\circ$